По­тре­ни­ру­ем­ся пра­виль­но ис­поль­зо­вать сте­пе­ни срав­не­ния на­ре­чий:

The girls now meet (frequently) than a year before. Ann has written her test (well) than Kate. Nick lives (far) from school than I do. Elena is the best singer. She sings (beautifully). They will invite her to the interview (soon) than the other firms. It was a very difficult project. We worked (long) than ever.

Про­верь­те себя:

The girls now meet more frequently than a year before. Ann has written her test better than Kate. Nick lives farther / further from school than I do. Elena is the best singer. She sings most beautifully. They will invite her to the interview sooner than the other firms.

Упражнения «Степени сравнения прилагательных»

1. Выберите в скобках правильную степень прилагательного:

1. Nick is (happier, the happiest) boy that I know. – Ник – самый счастливый мальчик, которого я знаю.
2. Of the six cars, I like the silver one (better, best). – Из шести машин мне нравится серебристая больше всего.
3. Jane’s notebook is (cheaper, the cheapest) than mine. – Ноутбук Джейн дешевле, чем мой.
4. This is (more delicious, the most delicious) cheese-cake I have ever had! – Это самый вкусный чизкейк, который я пробовала!
5. This bookcase is (more beautiful, the most beautiful) than that one. – Этот книжный шкаф красивее, чем тот.
6. Do you feel (better, the best) today than yesterday? – Ты чувствуешь себя лучше сегодня, чем вчера?
7. I think my cat is (prettier, the prettiest) of all the cats in the world. – Думаю, что моя кошка – самая красивая кошка в мире.
8. Steve Jobs is (more famous, famouser) than Stephen Wozniak. – Стив Джобс более известен, чем Стивен Возняк.
9. This week the weather is (hotter, more hot) than last week. – На этой неделе погода жарче, чем на прошлой неделе.
10. Our new house is (more expensive, expensiver) than the old one. – Наш новый дом дороже, чем старый.
11. Girls are usually (cleaner, more clean) than boys. – Девочки обычно более чистые, чем мальчики.
12. Chemistry was (harder, the hardest) subject at school. – Химия была самым трудным предметом в школе.

2. Дайте степени сравнения прилагательных.

Н-р:    wet – wetter – the wettest

          expensive – more expensive – the most expensive

1. big (большой) 2. clever (умный) 3. good (хороший) 4. pleasant (приятный) 5. poor (бедный) 6. bad (плохой) 7. funny (смешной) 8. important (важный) 9. sunny (солнечный) 10. far (далекий) 11. comfortable (удобный) 12. wise (мудрый)

3. Составьте из данных слов предложения и переведите их.

1. most – the Mona Lisa – in – is – painting – the – famous – the – world.
2. longer – the Don – is – the Volga – than.
3. more – Spain – Germany – than – beautiful - is.
4. London – city – in – biggest – the – England – is.
5. the – team – Adam – is - worst – the – player – in.

Упражнение 2. *Вставьте наречие или прилагательное.*

1. Peter is a (quick, quickly) learner.
2. He always does his homework (quick, quickly).
3. He listens to his teachers (careful, carefully).
4. When he crosses the street he’s always very (careful, carefully) too.
5. She sings (beautiful, beautifully).
6. He’s got a (beautiful, beautifully) voice.
7. He studies (hard, hardly).
8. He (hard, hardly) studies.
9. Ann is a (wonderful, wonderfully) girl!
10. She always looks (wonderful, wonderfully).
11. My mother looked at me (cold, coldly).
12. It is (cold, coldly) today.
13. My brother has a (loud, loudly) voice.
14. The brother shouted (loud, loudly).

Упражнение 3. *Choose adjective or adverb.*

1. She was crying (quiet/quietly).
2. You can do it (easy/easily).
3. You speak (well/good) English. Where did you study?
4. The weather is (terrible/terribly). Don’t go out.
5. It was (easy/easily) to understand the book and make the report on it.
6. He has always been (angry/angrily).
7. You should work (hard, hardly) if you want to succeed.
8. This rule is (well/good ). Remember it.
9. He ate his breakfast (quick/quickly) and went to school.
10. Be (quick/quickly). The taxi has arrived.
11. The car drove very (slow/slowly).
12. I speak French (bad/badly). Let’s speak English.
13. Why did you speak to me so (angry/angrily)?
14. Say this word (correct/correctly).
15. He is (good, well) at literature and history.

Упражнение 4. Выпишите наречия-антонимы. Запомните их.

1. hard, carefully, well, early, fast, loudly, happily

2. sadly, badly, slowly, quietly, easily, carelessly, late

Упражнение 5. Переведите на английский язык (уровень базовый).

1. Я быстро бегаю.  2. Она хорошо рисует. 3. Он плохо знает английский. 4. Поздняя осень. (It is …) 5. Не приходи поздно. 6. Я не видел его последнее время. 7. Я едва его помню. 8. Он упорно работает. 9. Ранняя весна. 10. Я не люблю вставать рано.